Course Settings:

Theme: Include Wieserlearningsolutions logo.					
Navigation: Free	Sidebar Open initially				
Headings Font: Lato	Body Font: Roboto				

Include Cover photo and include in sidebar. Text contrast 10% Custom Theme hex color #94D46C Font side: Default Font color: Default

Lesson 6: Systems and System Models

Lesson	Lesson	6: Systems and	System Mod	els	Block Type	Quote
Block #	1	Title:	Intro quote		Style	
Name:			Avatar:		Α	
Content:					В	
Quote: "Ar	ny model	of a system in	corporates a	ssumptions and approximations; the key is to be aware of	С	
what they	are and	how they affeo	t the model	's reliability and precision."	D	
					Quote on image	X
Name: Fra	amework	, page 93			Quote carousel	
	Settings			S		
					Padding top	30px
					Padding bottom	30 px
					Background color hex	FFFFF
					Font size	
					Font color	

Lesson	Lesson 6	: Systems and	System Models	Block Type:	Т	ext
Block #	2	Title:	Systems and System Models	Style		
Content:				Paragraph		
A system	is an orgar	ized group of	related objects or components that form a whole. When investigating	Paragraph with heading		Х
systems, i	it's importa	nt to define th	e systems and the system boundaries. For more information on systems	Heading		
and syste	m models,	please see th	e <u>Framework, pages 91-94</u> .	Subheading		
Link, http:	Link: https://www.nap.edu/read/13165/chapter/8#91					
Link. <u>nup</u>						
					Settings	
				Padding top	30рх	
				Padding bottom	30 px	
		Background color hex	FFFFF			
				Font size		
				Font color		

Lesson	Lesson 6	: Systems ar	d System Models	Block Type:	Text	
Block #	3	Title:	How can models make predictions about or explain each system?	Style		
Content:				Paragraph		
How can r	models ma	ke prediction	ns about or explain each system?	Paragraph with subhead	ling	
				Heading		
				Subheading	X	
				Two column		
				Table		
				Setting	S	
				Padding top	30px	
				Padding bottom	30 px	
				Background color hex	FFFFF	
				Font size		
				Font color		

Lesson	Lesson	on 6: Systems and System Models Block Type: Ga		
Block #	4	Title: Style		
Image 1		Image of hurricane over ocean	Carousel	
Caption 1			Two column grid	
Image 2		Image of model of human heart	Three column grid	X
Caption 2			Four column grid	
Image 3		Image of galaxy		
Caption 3				
Image 4				
Caption 4			Setting	S
Image 5			Padding top	30px
Caption 5			Padding bottom	30 px
Image 6			Background color hex	FFFFF
Caption 6			Enable Zoom	Yes / No
Image 7				
Caption 7				

Lesson	Lesson 6	: Systems and	System Models	Block Type:		Text	
Block #	5	Title:		Styl	Style		
Content:				Paragraph		X	
Systems a	nd system	models are u	seful in science and engineering because the world is complex. Even	Paragraph with subhea	ding		
though ma	iny system	s are part of a	a larger system, it is often easier to isolate a smaller system for the purpos	e Heading			
of study. I	o do this, :	scientists esta	Iblish boundaries for the system and determine the inputs and outputs that a system	^t Subheading			
innuence t	lated or ev	s of the syste	an in the defined boundaries. Onderstanding the extent to that a system	Two column			
interpretec	The pror	perties and bel	havior of the whole system can be very different from those of any of its	Table			
parts, and	large syst	ems may have	e properties that cannot be predicted in detail from knowledge about the	Settin	gs		
componen	ts and the	ir interactions.		Padding top	30px		
-				Padding bottom	30 px		
This cross	cutting cor	ncept connects	s to the practice of <u>Developing and Using Models</u> . Models can be valuable	e Background color hex	FFFF	FF	
in predictir	ng a syster	n's behaviors,	regardless of what type of system is being examined. In complex	Font size			
systems, it	is importa	ant to ask what	t interactions are occurring (e.g., predator-prey relationships in an	Font color			
ecosystem	i) and to re	ecognize that t	they all involve transfers of energy, matter, and (in some cases) information	on			
among par	is of the s	ystem.					
This cross	outting cor	cont alco con	nexts to the practices of Constructing Explanations and Designing				
Solutions a	and Engag	ling in Argume	ent from Evidence. Any model of a system incorporates assumptions and				
approxima	tions: the	key is to be av	ware of what they are and how they affect the model's reliability and				
precision.	Prediction	s may be relia	ble but not precise or, worse, precise but not reliable; the degree of				
reliability a	nd precisi	on needed de	pends on how the model will be used.				
-							
Links:							
https://www	<u>w.nap.edu</u>	/read/13165/c	hapter/7#56				
https://www	https://www.nap.edu/read/13165/chapter/7#71						
<u>mups.//www</u>	w.nap.euu	<u>neau/13103/0</u>					

Lesson	Lesson 6	: Systems and	System Models	Block Type:		Text
Block #	6	Title:	Progression of Learning	Style		
Content:				Paragraph		
A system	is an organ	nized group of	related objects or components; models can be used for understanding and	Paragraph with subhead	ing	x
predicting	the behavi	or of systems	Properties and behaviors of the system can be different than those of the	Heading		
parts of th	parts of the system. Some of the outcomes of the system are not predictable based on the interactions of the					
system.	system.			Two column		
			Table			
				Settings		
			Padding top	30рх		
				Padding bottom 3 Background color hex F		
						FF
				Font size		

Lesson Lesson	6: Systems and System Models	Block Type:	Accordion/Tabs
Block # 7	Title:	Style	-
Item #1	Primary	Accordion	
Description	In grades K-2, students understand objects and organisms can be described in terms of their parts; and systems in the natural and designed world have parts that work together.		4
	Example: students use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants or animals (including humans) and the places they live.	Tabs	
Multimedia	Image of deer in forest		
Item #2	Elementary	Setting	ļs
Description	In grades 3-5, students understand that a system is a group of related parts that make up a whole and can carry out functions its individual parts cannot. They can also describe a system in terms of its components and their interactions.	Padding top	
	Example: students explain how the types of plants and animals in a region may change when the environment changes.		30px
Multimedia	Image of forest after a fire	Padding bottom	30px
Item #1	Middle School	Background color hex	#94D469
Description	In grades 6-8, students understand that systems may interact with other systems; they may have sub-systems and be a part of larger complex systems. They can use models to represent systems and their interactions—such as inputs, processes and outputs—and energy, matter, and information flows within systems. They can also learn that models are limited in that they only represent certain aspects of the system under study.	Enable Zoom	Yes
	Example: students demonstrate understanding that gravitational interactions within the		
	solar system are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects.		
Multimedia	Image of satellite in space	Accordion behavior	Keep open
Item #1	High School		Only one
Description	In grades 9-12, students investigate or analyze a system by defining its boundaries and initial conditions, as well as its inputs and outputs. They use models (e.g., physical, mathematical, computer models) to simulate the flow of energy, matter, and interactions within and between systems at different scales. They also use models and simulations to predict the behavior of a system and recognize that these predictions have limited precision and reliability due to the assumptions and approximations inherent in the models. They can also design systems to do specific tasks.		

	Example: students develop a model explaining the role of photosynthesis and cellular	
	respiration in the cycling of carbon among the biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere,	
	and geosphere.	
Multimedia	Image of plant s growing in flasks	

Lesson Lesson	6: Systems and System Mo	dels	Block Type:	Divider	
Block # 8			Settings		
			Padding top	30px	
	Divider	X	Padding bottom	30px	
Divider type	Numbered divider		Background color hex	FFFFF	
	Spacer				

Lesson	Lesson 6	: Systems and	System Models	Block Type: Text		
Block #	9	Title:	Implications for Instruction	Style	-	
Content:				Paragraph		
Click each	of the mai	rkers below to	reflect on key questions for integrating the crosscutting concept of	Paragraph with subhead	ling	
systems a	nd system	models in yo	ur instruction.	Heading		
				Subheading		
				Two column		
				Table		
				Settings		
				Padding top	30px	
				Padding bottom	30px	
				Background color hex	FFFFF	
				Font size		
				Font color		

Lesson	Lesson	6: Systems and System Models	Block Type: Labeled G		ed Graphic	
Block #	10	Title:	Image w	Image width		
Item #1		Question 1	Small			
Description	n	Review the standards and curriculum you teach. Where are opportunities for your			х	
		students to identify systems or system models to make sense of phenomena or				
		explain their thinking?	Medium			
Marker sty	'le	1	Full width			
Multimedia	3	Systemmapping.jpg	Setting	js		
Audio			Padding top	30px		
Item #2		Question 2	Padding bottom	30px		
Description	n	Where in your current curriculum do students identify and use systems or system	Background color hex			
		models to make sense of phenomena or explain their thinking?		#F5F5	F5	
Marker sty	′le	2				
Multimedia	3					
Audio						
Item #3		Question 3				
Description	n	What questions can you ask students to prompt them to identify systems or system models?				
		What questions or prompts will help students use systems or system models to make sense of phenomena or support their thinking?				
Marker sty	/le	3				
Multimedia	a					
Audio						
Item #4		Question 4				
Description	n	Do your lessons elicit evidence that students:				
		 identify boundaries of systems 				
		 identify inputs and outputs of a system 				
		 compare properties and behaviors of parts vs whole 				
		 use systems and system models to make predictions or support explanations 				
Marker sty	le	4				
Multimedia	3					
Audio						

Lesson	Lesson 6	: Systems and	l System Models	Block Type:	Text	
Block #	11	Title:	Prompts for Students	Style		
Content:			Paragraph			
STEM Tea	aching Too	Is developed	Paragraph with subheading x			
Instruction	. Teachers	can use the	Heading			
system mo	odels. This	set of promp	Subheading			
concepts i	in the conte	ext of investig	Two column			
These que	estions can	be used by t	Table			
or could be	e shared w	rith students a	Settings			
sample of	questions	can be used	Padding top	30px		
models.	odels.				30px	
				Background color hex	FFFFF	
Links:				Font size		
<u>nttp://stem</u>	hteachingto	ools.org/assets/landscapes/STEM-Teaching-Tool-41-Cross-Cutting-Concepts- odf	s/landscapes/STEM-Teaching-Tool-41-Cross-Cutting-Concepts-	Font color		
	<u>11072010.p</u>					

Lesson	Lesson 6:	Systems and	System Models	Block Type:	List	
Block #	12	Title:		Style		
Content:				Numbered List		
				Checkbox List	x	
How do th	e different o	components o	Bulleted List			
[compone	[component of the system]?		D			
What would be near in this eventer if you decreased (companent of the system)?			Note			
what would happen in this system if you decreased [component of the system]?						
How do po	ositive feed	back loops in t	Settings			
			Padding top	30px		
How do ne	egative feed	dback loops in	Padding bottom	30px		
				Background color hex	FFFFF	
				Font size		
				Font color		

Lesson Lesson	6: Systems and System Models	Block Type:	Continue
Block # 13		Setting	S
Label:		Padding top	30px
	None (Always show button) X	Padding bottom	30px
Completion Type:	Complete block directly above	Background color hex	FFFFF
	Complete all blocks above		
Hint text:			